A Summary of Student Engagement Results

Student engagement represents two critical features of collegiate quality. The first is the amount of time and effort students put into their studies and other educationally purposeful activities. The second is how institutional resources, courses, and other learning opportunities facilitate student participation in activities that matter to student learning. NSSE surveys first-year and senior students to assess their levels of engagement and related information about their experience at your institution.

This Snapshot is a concise collection of key findings from your institution’s NSSE 2016 administration. We hope this information stimulates discussions about the undergraduate experience. Additional details about these and other results appear in the reports referenced throughout.

### Engagement Indicators

Sets of items are grouped into ten Engagement Indicators, organized under four broad themes. At right are summary results for your institution. For details, see your Engagement Indicators report.

**Key:**

- **△** Your students’ average was significantly higher ($p < .05$) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.
- **▽** Your students’ average was significantly lower ($p < .05$) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.
- **--** No significant difference.

#### Theme

- **Academic Challenge**
  - Higher-Order Learning
  - Reflective & Integrative Learning
  - Learning Strategies
  - Quantitative Reasoning

#### Theme

- **Learning with Peers**
  - Collaborative Learning
  - Discussions with Diverse Others

#### Theme

- **Experiences with Faculty**
  - Student-Faculty Interaction
  - Effective Teaching Practices

#### Theme

- **Campus Environment**
  - Quality of Interactions
  - Supportive Environment

### High-Impact Practices

Due to their positive associations with student learning and retention, special undergraduate opportunities are designated “high-impact.” For more details and statistical comparisons, see your High-Impact Practices report.

#### First-year

- Learning Community, Service-Learning, and Research w/Faculty

#### Senior

- Learning Community, Service-Learning, Research w/Faculty, Internship, Study Abroad, and Culminating Senior Experience

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**Comparison Group**

The comparison group featured in this report is **CofC Peers**

See your Selected Comparison Groups report for details.
Academic Challenge: Additional Results

The Academic Challenge theme contains four Engagement Indicators as well as several important individual items. The results presented here provide an overview of these individual items. For more information about the Academic Challenge theme, see your Engagement Indicators report. To further explore individual item results, see your Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons, the Major Field Report, the Online Institutional Report, or the Report Builder—Institution Version.

Time Spent Preparing for Class

This figure reports the average weekly class preparation time for your first-year and senior students compared to students in your comparison group.

Reading and Writing

These figures summarize the number of hours your students spent reading for their courses and the average number of pages of assigned writing compared to students in your comparison group. Each is an estimate calculated from two or more separate survey questions.

Challenging Students to Do Their Best Work

To what extent did students' courses challenge them to do their best work? Response options ranged from 1 = "Not at all" to 7 = "Very much."

Academic Emphasis

How much did students say their institution emphasizes spending significant time studying and on academic work? Response options included "Very much," "Quite a bit," "Some," and "Very little."
Item Comparisons
By examining individual NSSE questions, you can better understand what contributes to your institution's performance on the Engagement Indicators. This section displays the five questions on which your first-year and senior students scored the highest and the five questions on which they scored the lowest, relative to students in your comparison group. Parenthetical notes indicate whether an item belongs to a specific Engagement Indicator or is a High-Impact Practice. While these questions represent the largest differences (in percentage points), they may not be the most important to your institutional mission or current program or policy goals. For additional results, see your Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons report.

First-year
Highest Performing Relative to CofC Peers
Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member (SF)
Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class (SF)
Talked about career plans with a faculty member (SF)
Instructors provided feedback on a draft or work in progress (ET)
Discussions with... People of a race or ethnicity other than your own (DD)

Lowest Performing Relative to CofC Peers
Quality of interactions with other administrative staff and offices (QI)
Instructors taught course sessions in an organized way (ET)
Quality of interactions with students (QI)
Institution emphasis on studying and academic work
Quality of interactions with student services staff (QI)

Senior
Highest Performing Relative to CofC Peers
Institution emphasis on using learning support services (SE)
Asked another student to help you understand course material (CL)
Talked about career plans with a faculty member (SF)
Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information (QR)
Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member (SF)

Lowest Performing Relative to CofC Peers
Institution emphasis on encouraging contact among students from different backgrounds (SE)
Extent to which courses challenged you to do your best work
Completed a culminating senior experience (HIP)
Quality of interactions with faculty (QI)
Quality of interactions with student services staff (QI)

Percentage Point Difference with CofC Peers

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a. The displays on this page draw from the items that make up the ten Engagement Indicators (EIs), six High-Impact Practices (HIPs), and the additional academic challenge items reported on page 2. Key to abbreviations for EI items: HO = Higher-Order Learning, RI = Reflective & Integrative Learning, LS = Learning Strategies, QR = Quantitative Reasoning, CL = Collaborative Learning, DD = Discussions with Diverse Others, SF = Student-Faculty Interaction, ET = Effective Teaching Practices, QI = Quality of Interactions, SE = Supportive Environment. HIP items are also indicated. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile included in your Institutional Report and available on the NSSE website.
b. Combination of students responding "Very often" or "Often."
c. Combination of students responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit."
d. Rated at least 6 on a 7-point scale.
e. Percentage reporting at least "Some."
f. Estimate based on the reported amount of course preparation time spent on assigned reading.
g. Estimate based on number of assigned writing tasks of various lengths.
How Students Assess Their Experience

NSSE annually collects information at hundreds of four-year colleges and universities about student participation in activities and programs that promote their learning and personal development. The results provide an estimate of how undergraduates spend their time and what they gain from attending their college or university. Institutions use their data to identify aspects of the undergraduate experience that can be improved through changes in policy and practice.

NSSE has been in operation since 2000 and has been used at more than 1,600 colleges and universities in the US and Canada. More than 90% of participating institutions administer the survey on a periodic basis.

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